

We Stand With The
People, By The People
And For The People.
No One Is Saved Until
We Are All Saved . . .

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PRICE FIVE CENTS

PREDICT AMERICAN OCCUPATION OF LIBERIA

Famous 24th U. S. Infantry Encamps In Jackson

JACKSON, Miss.—The 24th Infantry, one of the most famous regiments of the United States Army, and one of the four great Negro regiments, which added so much to the history of the American Army, encamps in Jackson early Saturday morning and remained here until Sunday morning.

Enroute to points in Louisiana, the regiment, along with many thousand of other colored and white soldiers will participate in the large scale maneuvers to be held in the Louisiana area next month.

The group which encamped here was composed of over 1000 officers and men, a large number of whom are from Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia.

Along with the 25th Infantry, 9th and 10th Cavalry, the 24th Infantry as one of the four regular regiments of colored soldiers has distinguished itself both in war and in peace. One of the most celebrated exploits being performed while in the fore front of the attack with Colonel Theodore Roosevelt at San Juan Hill in Cuba during the Spanish American War.

In peace time the regiment has led the entire United States Army, several times, as well as winning the international championship for marksmanship with small arms.

The regiment traveling by truck left Jackson early Sunday morning for the Louisiana destination.

Funeral Services

Are Conducted

For Sam Richardson

Funeral services for Mr. Sam Richardson were held from the Central M. E. Church, Wednesday July 23rd at 10 o'clock with Rev. A. L. Holland officiating.

Mr. Richardson died at his home July 19th after an illness of 22 months. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Valentine Reed Richardson, two sisters, Mrs. Mary Green Greenwood, Miss. Mrs. Susie Cation, one brother, Joe D. Richardson all of Greenwood. One aunt, Mrs. Lizzie Porter Blane, and a host of other relatives and friends. Interment was in the Orage Hill Cemetery.

Klansman Target For Rotten Eggs

CHARLESTON, S. C.—(ANP)—Ben E. Adams, of Columbia Ku Klux Klan, was the target of eggs and over-ripe tomatoes Thursday night when he addressed the first public meeting of the Klan held here in 20 years. He blamed the demonstration on several sailors and a marine and not on native Charlestonians.

The grand dragon paused only once to take notice of the attack. He said, "There's some trash like that in America but thank God most of you are real Americans." Adams and other members of the Klan donned their robes at the police station and were escorted to Marion square and back by police.

Makes Additions



MISS JESSIE MAE JONES, operator of her own Beauty Shoppe and School, has just made extensive additions to her place of business and is now prepared to render a better service to her many clients. Miss Jones will leave in a few days for two weeks vacation in Chicago and other points.

Army's Youngest Sergeant



Believed to be the youngest first sergeant in the entire army, First Sergeant Leander H. Scott, Jr., 19, a native of Florida, La., proudly inspects his new army insignia received after less than eleven months in the army. Sgt. Scott is stationed at Fort Bragg, N. C., where he is assigned to the 41st Engineers.

Scott Is Army's Youngest Officer

FORT BRAGG, N. C.—(S N S)—From recruit to First Sergeant in less than 11 months—this is the military history of First Sergeant Leander H. Scott, Jr., 19 years old, who is believed the youngest first sergeant in the Army.

Sergeant Scott, whose home is in Florida, La., enlisted in the Army on August 19, 1940 and came to Fort Bragg to be assigned to the 41st Engineers, colored regiment. Before entering the Military Service, Scott was attending the T. J. Harris Senior high school in Meridian, Miss. He had completed three years at the school, but decided to join the Army and make some money to enable him to go to college and study Civil Engineering. Now that he is in the Army, and has made such a success of himself, he has decided to make it his life's work.

When the 68th Engineer Battalion was activated at Fort Bragg on May 15, 1941, Scott was transferred to the new unit as a part of the cadre. In just a month he was advanced to the grade of Staff Sergeant, and fifteen days later, he was made First Sergeant. His organization is Company B, and he has 253 men serving under him, most of whom are older than he.

Sergeant Scott now receives \$84 per month, plus his food, clothing and housing. He worked his way through high school by serving as janitor in an elementary school for \$35 per month.

Dedicates New Army-Navy "Y"

By CLIFF MACKAY

COLUMBUS, Ga.—(S N S)—An inspiring example of the cooperative spirit between races, which marks the New South, was shown here Sunday when leaders of both racial groups gathered for the dedication of the newly-constructed Army and Navy YMCA for colored soldiers, the first of its kind in the nation.

The fine, modernly-equipped two-story building itself, was a monument to this spirit of interracial goodwill.

Plans for the building, the purchase of the land, funds for its erection and additional funds for its equipment all came about through the mutual and understanding conferences between civic leaders of both races here.

ASHWORTH PRESIDES
M. R. Ashworth, white, publisher of the Columbus Post-Enquirer, who served as chairman of the subcommittee on work with colored soldiers of the Columbus Defense Service Council and who is chairman of the Board of Management of the newly-erected structure, presided.

Greetings and felicitations were brought by nationally known speakers of both races, as well as local representatives of various organizations which took active part in making erection of the building possible.

"We feel that nothing is too good for you, that you are entitled to the best that we have," asserted J. D. Kirven, president of the Columbus City YMCA and of the white Army and Navy YMCA, addressing the large assemblage of Negro enlisted men and selectees from Fort Benning who had gathered to witness the dedication.

"I have learned something here today that will aid me in my work all over this section. It's wonderful spirit of interracial cooperation being manifested here," Harry T. Baker, Southeastern Field Representative of the Army Y told

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Disclose Plans To Use 92,846 Race Officers And Men In Twelve Branches Of U. S. Army

HOLLEY SAYS HE'LL ANSWER RACE CRITICS

Praises Governor
Talmadge for His
School Defense

ATLANTA, Ga.—(S N S)—

Governor Talmadge told newspapermen Monday he had received a letter from J. W. Holley, president of Georgia Normal and Agricultural College at Albany. He said President Holley praised him for his "magnificent defense" of separate educational programs for colored and white students in this state.

In the letter, President Holley said:

"I will answer fully and effectively the adverse criticism that comes from my own people in Atlanta and the northern papers and magazines."

Governor Talmadge said he replied by inviting the Albany educator to attend the next Board of Regents' meeting at Tifton, August 11.

In his reply, Governor told President Holley:

"I want them (members of the board) to hear from you."

Prof. Holley came into the picture after Gov. Talmadge and his revamped Board of Regents ousted two prominent white educators from their state teaching posts. It was alleged that the fired white men had advocated social equality of the two races.

In his radio address last Friday night, Governor Talmadge stated his position on the Negro education question in Georgia by quoting a speech delivered by President Holley before the State Board of Regents in 1935.

Holley was quoted by the Governor as saying:

"The Negro (educational) units have no place in the University System . . . the background of the Negro is vastly different from the white man, his environment is unlike that of the white man, and his future outlook so different, that it will be impossible to orientate or fuse both races in one educational system."

Those Negro units should be set apart by themselves under a special commission . . . Give us separate schools from the elementary grades through the graduate schools and we will give to the state a Negro citizenship that will contribute its full quota to the sum total of all that makes for a happy and prosperous commonwealth."

Following the address, many Georgians expressed themselves as opposing Holley's contentions.

Recruiting Office Announces Number Of Vacancies

The following vacancies in colored regiments, offering opportunities to young colored men, who volunteer for service in the United States Army have just been announced by the Jackson Recruiting office.

In the Medical Corps there are vacancies in the detachments of the 93 Engineers, 350th Field Artillery, 351 and 353 Field Artillery now located at Camp Livingston, Louisiana, and the 367 Infantry located at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana.

There are also a number of vacancies for cooks, stenographers, clerks, Bandmen, surveyors, electricians, radio and telephone linemen.

These positions carry with them ratings from Private First Class to Master Sergeant with salary ranging from Private First Class to Master Sergeant with salary

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Prominent Business Man Taken Into Custody After Becoming Involved With Policemen

Carolina's Got Something



ORANGEBURG, S. C.—(S N S)—We don't know what they're looking at, but we do know they are (l to r) Misses Helen P. Daniels, Orangeburg, and Margaret Sanders and Cecelia McIver, of Darlington, who completed the requirements for the bachelor's degree in home economics at the summer session conducted at South Carolina State A. and M. College.

Foreign Agent Offers To Buy Torpedo Arrestor Invented By Two Medicos

JACKSON, Miss.—According to well-informed information reaching the office of the Jackson Advocate, Dr. S. D. Redmond and Dr. A. H. McCoy, co-inventors of a torpedo arrestor and insulator were offered \$15,000 for their invention by an agent of one of the allied powers Monday.

While the names of the government interested was not given it is thought to have been an agent of the British Government.

The purpose of the invention is to prevent torpedoes aimed at ships from exploding by isolating the fuse just before reaching the ships, thus causing the torpedo to explode before coming in contact with the ship.

Dr. Redmond has also invented several types of mine sweepers one of which can be propelled by an airplane.

Patents for all the inventions are now pending in the U. S. Patent office, Washington, D. C.

Negroes In 12 Units Of Army

WASHINGTON, D. C.—(S N S)—Colored enlisted men are now serving in twelve branches of the Army, including the Air Corps, the War Department announced Saturday.

Latest figures show that 69,633 officers and men are on duty in all of the nine Corps Areas. Of the officers, nine, including three Reserve officers, are in the Regular Army. There are 227 National Guard officers and 23 Reserve officers—a total of 259.

There are 8 warrant officers in the Regular Army and 3 in the National Guard. There are 15 in the Army Nurse Corps.

The enlisted men in the Regular Army number 26,888. In addition, there are 1,585 National Guards

men and 213 Reserves.

There are 39,015 trainees assigned to Regular Army units and 1,647 assigned to National Guard units

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Nazis' Efforts To Dominate Republic Told

Nation Located
Just Below Dakar
May Get Air Bases

WASHINGTON, D. C.—(ANP)—Contrary to President Roosevelt's declaration that he had no intention of sending any more American armed forces overseas at this time, reports circulating last week gave evidence that the United States is seriously considering building an American naval and military base at Liberia and on the west coast of Africa.

The information that Liberia is under consideration came from an administration conference report. Administration officials refuse to discuss the matter but indications are that Liberia has been considered as an alternative to French Dakar, seizure of which has been deemed too risky.

JUST BELOW DAKAR

Liberia is considered of vital importance now because of its strategic position, just below Dakar and opposite the Brazil coast.

In his May 27 fireside chat the President intimated that he would seize the Portuguese Azores, Cape Verde Islands and Dakar in order to forestall occupation by the Nazis if Hitler should invade the Iberian peninsula (Spain and Portugal). Occupation of such outposts by the Nazis, the President said, would be a threat to the safety of the United States.

Liberia, founded in 1820 under auspices of American societies interested in establishing a colony of freed American slaves, was granted independence in 1947, but is still an American protectorate. Because of close relations with the United States, Liberia is said to be favorable to the building of military posts.

SENTIMENT ANTI-NAZI

Dr. John H. Furbay, former acting president of the College of West Africa, Monrovia, in an interview recently, declared that sentiment in Liberia is strongly anti-Nazi. Fear rides the Liberians that if Germany should get their continent under her thumb, they would soon be in chains, the educator said.

Several months ago Dr. Furbay continued, revolution broke out in Liberia when some educated natives, with a German-educated leader tried to assassinate the president and seize the reins of government. The USS Omaha, sent from European waters arrived just in time to support the government. The revolutionists were arrested and sent to the first concentration camp ever established in Liberia.

NAZI AGENTS IN COUNTRY

Further discussing the recent revolution attempt, Dr. Furbay, who has kept in close touch with friends and conditions in Liberia since he left there two years ago, declared that most outsiders had no notion of the cause of the trouble. Explaining the situation which exists, he said:

"Twenty-five thousand American Negroes, ex-slaves rule two million natives. Conflict between the two uneven groups is always smoldering. Lately it has been fanned

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443-Pound Minister Slain

ATHENS, Tenn.—(S N S)—The Rev. Elijah Smith, 443-pound preacher and blacksmith, whose booming voice had echoed around this section, had been slain Thursday. Police reported that the preacher was shot fatally Wednesday night through the window of his home.